

Pedestrian Crossings

Name: Date:

Your completed questions form part of the coursework required for assessment. Please contact Training Support for details of how to submit your work.

Please tick or underline each correct answer.

1. Stopping across a pedestrian crossing while in queuing traffic is:
 - a. illegal;
 - b. legal but not advised;
 - c. only legal in a one-way street;
 - d. legal if stopped for less than 1 minute;

2. You are driving along a one way street with two lanes of traffic. At a Puffin Crossing the traffic lights are red. You will teach learner drivers that, apart from the vehicle nearest to the crossing they:
 - a. are permitted to pass stationary vehicles in a lane either to your left or right;
 - b. are permitted to pass stationary vehicles in a lane to your left only;
 - c. are permitted to pass stationary vehicles in a lane to your right only;
 - d. are not permitted to pass any stationary vehicles;

3. When advising a test standard learner driver about dealing with hesitant pedestrians at a Zebra crossing they:
 - a. can beckon the pedestrian to cross if they are 100% sure that the road is clear;
 - b. can beckon the pedestrian to cross in a one-way street only;
 - c. can beckon the pedestrian to cross at a crossing that is split with a central island;
 - d. must never beckon a pedestrian to cross;

4. Which of the following choices best describes what a driver should do before moving off after stopping at a pedestrian crossing? (one answer only)
 - a. Check all mirrors and glance all around;
 - b. Check the nearside mirror;
 - c. Check the offside mirror;
 - d. Check the right blind-spot;

5. When advising new drivers about dealing with people crossing the road where there are pedestrian refuges, which of the following best matches the advice that you will give? (one answer only)
 - a. maintain a safe speed but remain aware of the pedestrians actions;
 - b. speed up slightly to deter the pedestrians from crossing the road;
 - c. slow down significantly in case the pedestrians walk out;
 - d. always give a short, non-threatening, horn warning;

6. A split Puffin crossing that runs straight across the road but has an island in the centre is treated:

- a. as two separate crossings;
- b. as a single crossing;
- c. in the same way as a split Zebra Crossing;
- d. in the same way as a staggered Zebra Crossing;

7. The most vulnerable pedestrians are:

- a. the old and the young;
- b. 17 to 24 year olds;
- c. adults crossing at the location of a school patrol;
- d. all people in busy shopping streets;

8. Arm signals are rarely used, however, if used at pedestrian crossings they would be of most use at:

- a. Zebra Crossings;
- b. Pelican Crossings;
- c. Equestrian Crossings;
- d. Tiger Crossings;

9. Breaking the rules at pedestrian crossings:

- a. will only risk a fixed penalty ticket;
- b. has a maximum fine of £120;
- c. has a maximum fine of £1000;
- d. will lead to an automatic driving ban;

10. When teaching learner drivers about giving way to pedestrians on their first pedestrian crossing driving lesson you should advise them to:

- a. use the handbrake while waiting;
- b. use the footbrake when waiting;
- c. only use the handbrake if you are not the first car in the queue;
- d. always wait in first gear in order to be ready to move;